

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

(ANSI Section 3)

Primary route(s) of exposure: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion. Effects of overexposure:

Inhalation: Irritation of respiratory tract. Prolonged inhalation may lead to mucous membrane irritation, drowsiness, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, chest pain, coughing, central nervous system depression, difficulty of breathing, severe lung irritation or damage. kidney damage, pneumoconiosis.

Skin contact: Irritation of skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause dermatitis, defatting. Possible sensitization to skin.

Eve contact: Irritation of eyes, Prolonged or repeated contact can cause conjunctivitis.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause lung inflammation and damage due to aspiration of material into lungs, mouth and throat irritation, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, gastro-intestinal disturbances, severe abdominal pain, apathy, central nervous system depression, respiratory problems, intoxication, kidney damage, pulmonary edema, loss of consciousness, acute poisoning, respiratory failure, cardiac failure, brain damage.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Eye, skin, respiratory disorders, asthma-like conditions, kidney disorders.

#### FIRST-AID MEASURES

(ANSI Section 4)

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Restore and support continued breathing. Get emergency medical attention. Have trained person give oxygen if necessary. Get medical help for any breathing difficulty. Remove to fresh air if inhalation causes eye watering, headaches, dizziness, or other discomfort.

Skin contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If any product remains, gently rub petroleum jelly, vegetable or mineral/baby oil onto skin. Repeated applications may be needed. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact: Flush immediately with large amounts of water, especially under lids for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or other effects persist, obtain medical treatment.

Ingestion: If swallowed, obtain medical treatment immediately.

#### FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

(ANSI Section 5)

Fire extinguishing media: Dry chemical or foam water fog. Carbon dioxide. Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire. In closed tanks, water or foam may cause frothing or

Fire fighting procedures: Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Firefighters should use full protective clothing, eye protection, and self-contained breathing apparatus,

Hazardous decomposition or combustion products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, monomer vapors, styrene. Acrylic monomers

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

(ANSI Section 6)

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Comply with all applicable health and environmental regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Spills may be collected with absorbent materials. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Place collected material in proper container. Complete personal protective equipment must be used during cleanup. Large spills - shut off leak if safe to do so. Dike and contain spill. Pump to storage or salvage vessels. Use absorbent to pick up excess residue. Keep salvageable material and rinse water out of sewers and water courses. Small spills - use absorbent to pick up residue and dispose of properly.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

(ANSI Section 7)

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Handling and storage: Store below 100f (38c). Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep from freezing.

Other precautions: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and breathing of vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating or smoking. Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use. Avoid conditions which result in formation of inhalable particles such as spraying or abrading (sanding) painted surfaces. If such conditions cannot be avoided, use appropriate respiratory protection as directed under exposure controls/personal protection.

### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** (ANSI Section 8)

Respiratory protection: Control environmental concentrations below applicable exposure standards when using this material. When respiratory protection is determined to be necessary, use a NIOSH/MSHA (Canadian 294.4) Approved elastomeric sealing- surface facepiece respirator outfitted with organic vapor cartridges and paint spray (dust/mist) prefilters. Determine the proper level of protection by conducting appropriate air monitoring. Consult 29CFR1910.134 For selection of respirators (Canadian z94.4).

Ventilation: Provide dilution ventilation or local exhaust to prevent build-up of vapors. Personal protective equipment: Eye wash, safety shower, safety glasses or goggles. Impervious

gloves, impervious clothing.

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

(ANSI Section 10)

Under normal conditions: Stable see section 5 fire fighting measures

Materials to avoid: Oxidizers, acids.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures, contact with oxidizing agent, freezing, sparks, open

flame.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

(ANSI Section 11)

Supplemental health information: No additional effects are anticipated

Carcinogenicity: Contains formaldehyde, a potential cancer hazard. Rats exposed to formaldehyde via inhalation developed cancer of the nasal cavity. Evidence in humans is limited (nasal and nasopharyngeal cancer). Formaldehyde is listed as a carcinogen by OSHA, probable human carcinogen (group 2a) by IARC, and anticipated human carcinogen by NTP. Overexposure can cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation, and skin and respiratory sensitization. Contains crystalline silica which is considered a hazard by inhalation. IARC has classified crystalline silica as carcinogenic to humans (group 1). Crystalline silica is also a known cause of silicosis, a noncancerous lung disease. The national toxicology program (NTP) has classified crystalline silica as a known human carcinogen.

Reproductive effects: No reproductive effects are anticipated

Mutagenicity: No mutagenic effects are anticipated

Teratogenicity: Some laboratory test results have shown ethylene given to be an animal teratogen. However, an expert panel convened by the national toxicology program's center for the evaluation of risks to human reproduction (cerhr) conducted a review of the scientific literature and concluded that ethylene glycol does not present a significant concern with respect to developmental and reproductive toxicity in humans.

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

(ANSI Section 12)

No ecological testing has been done by ICI paints on this product as a whole.

The information contained herein is based on data available at the time of preparation of this data sheet which ICI Paints believes to be reliable. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data. ICI Paints shall not be responsible for the use of this information, or of any product, method or apparatus mentioned and you must make your own determination of its suitability and completeness for your own use. for the protection of the environment, and the health and safety of your employees and the users of this material. Complies with OSHA hazard communication standard 29CFR1910.1200.

(ANSI Section 13)

REGULATORY INFORMATION

(ANSI Section 15)

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Waste disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

As of the date of this MSDS, all of the components in this product are listed (or are otherwise exempt from listing) on the TSCA inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (controlled products regulations) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

### **Physical Data**

### (ANSI Sections 1, 9, and 14)

Product Code	Description	Wt. / Gal.	VOC gr. / ltr.	% Volatile by Volume	Flash Point	Boiling Range	HMIS	DOT, proper shipping name
1D 6900	evermore house & trim latex satin white	10.31	115.88	68.47	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
HD 6901	glidden evermore exterior 100% acrlyic latex satin-pure white (also tint base)	10.29	104.02	63.98	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
ID 6911	glidden evermore exterior 100% acriyic latex satin-base 1	10.19	111.21	64.76	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
	glidden evermore exterior 100% acrlyic latex satin-base 2	9.44	134.69	70.21	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
	glidden evermore exterior 100% acriyic latex satin-base 3	9.32	117.44	68.13	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
ID 6918	glidden evermore exterior 100% acrylic latex satin-pastel tint base	10.12	107.97	66,30	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
D 6924	glidden evermore exterior 100% acriyic latex satin-white	10.29	110.25	64.80	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
ID 6980	glidden evermore exterior 100% acrylic latex satin-deep tint base	9.33	131,58	69,59	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **
ID 6987	evermore 15 year satin house paint - interme diate tint base	9.58	136.97	73.70	none	212-400	*310	paint ** protect from freezing **
	glidden evermore exterior 100% acrylic latex satin-accent tint base	9.32	117.44	68.13	none	212-400	*210	paint ** protect from freezing **

# **Ingredients**

## Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS. No.	HD 6900	HD 6901	HD 6911	HD 6912	HD 6913	HD 6918	HD 6924	HD 6980	HD 6987	HD 6990
1,2-ethanediol	ethylene glycol	107-21-1	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5
titanium oxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10-20	10-20	10-20	1-5		10-20	10-20	1-5	5-10	1-3
cristobalite	crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1					.1-1.0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	70 20	, 0	3-10	.1-1.0
propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	texanol	25265-77-4	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5
2-propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate	acrylic polymer	25852-37-3	10-20	м						-	10-20	
nepheline syenite	feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	5-10	1-5	1-5	10-20	10-20	1-5	1-5	10-20	5-10	10-20
formaldehyde	formaldehyde	50-00-0	LT .01							10 20	LT .01	10-20
ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4		1-5	1-5		l	1-5	1-5		21.01	<del> </del>
kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined	silica, diatomaceous earth	68855-54-9			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		.1-1.0					.1-1.0
silica	amorphous silica	7631-86-9					11 ///				1-5	.1-1.0
water	water	7732-18-5	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	60-70	50-60
acrylic resin	acrylic resin	Sup. Conf.		10-20	10-20	20-30	20-30	10-20	10-20	20-30	00-70	20-30
defoamer, oil-based	oil based defoamer	Sup. Conf.				1-5						20-00

### **Chemical Hazard Data**

### (ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)

			ACGI	H-TLV			OSHA	-PEL	~	S.R.	Tan							
Common Name	CAS. No.	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	Std.	\$2	53	CC	H	M	N		o
ethylene glycol	107-21-1	not est.	not est.	100 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	l n	$\sqrt{}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	⋾	n	n	-	n
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	ń	ń	á	n	n		n
crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0.05 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	0.05 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	-	n	<del></del>	n	Ü	V	n
texanol	25265-77-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	1 1	<del>n</del> t	<del>~</del> +	<del></del>	'n	'n	7	<del>il</del>
feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	l n	n	<del>n</del> +	$\frac{n}{n}$	'n	n	-	<del>il</del>
formaldehyde	50-00-0	not est.	not est.	0.3 ppm	not est.	0.75 ppm	2 ppm	not est.	not est.	not est.	1	V	<del>v</del>	╗	'n	Ü	v	<del>"</del>
calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	'n	n	n	ń	n	n	n	n

#### Footnotes:

C=Ceiling - Concentration that should not be exceeded, even instantaneously.

S=Skin - Additional exposure, over and above airborn exposure, may result from skin absorption. n/a=not applicable not est=not established CC=CERCLA Chemical

ppm=parts per million mg/m3=milligrams per cubic meter Sup Conf=Supplier Confidential S2=Sara Section 302 EHS S3=Sara Section 313 Chemical S.R.Std.=Supplier Recommended Standard H=Hazardous Air Pollutant, M=Marine Pollutant P=Pollutant, S=Severe Pollutant Carcinogenicity Listed By: N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=ves, n=no

# Chemical Hazard Data (Continued) (ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)

		10 mg/m3 not est. not est. not					OSHA	-PEL		S.R.		<u> </u>	$\overline{}$				
Common Name	CAS. No.	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	Std.	52	S3		н	M	N	10
silica, diatomaceous earth	68855-54-9	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	6 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n n
amorphous silica	7631-86-9	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	6 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n n
oil based defoamer	Sup. Conf.	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n n

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N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=yes, n=no

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